



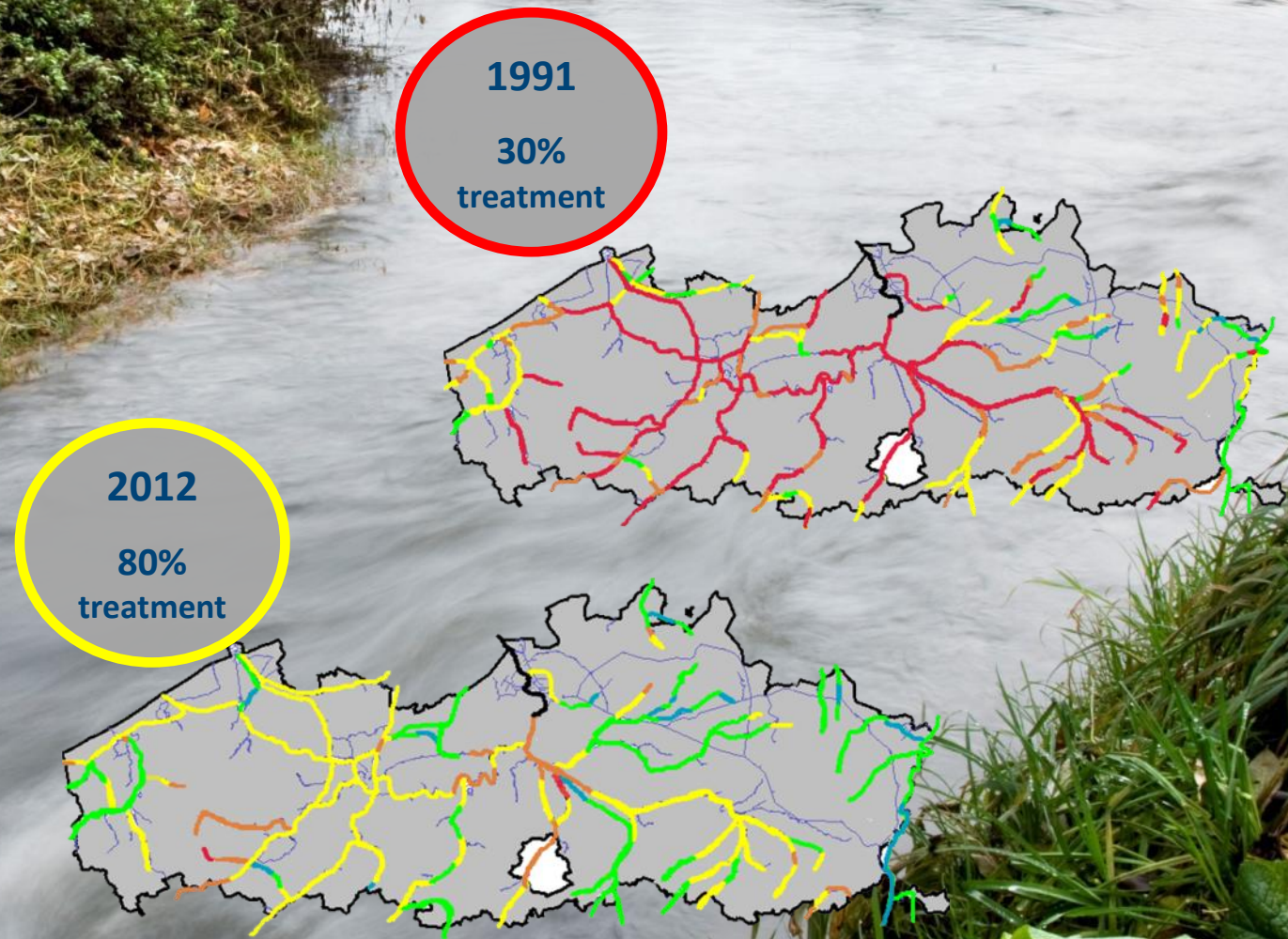
Wastewater treatment in Flanders: future challenges

Marjoleine Weemaes

**Second European Symposium on Water
Technology and Management**

20-21 november 2013

Surface water quality in Flanders



Drivers for innovation

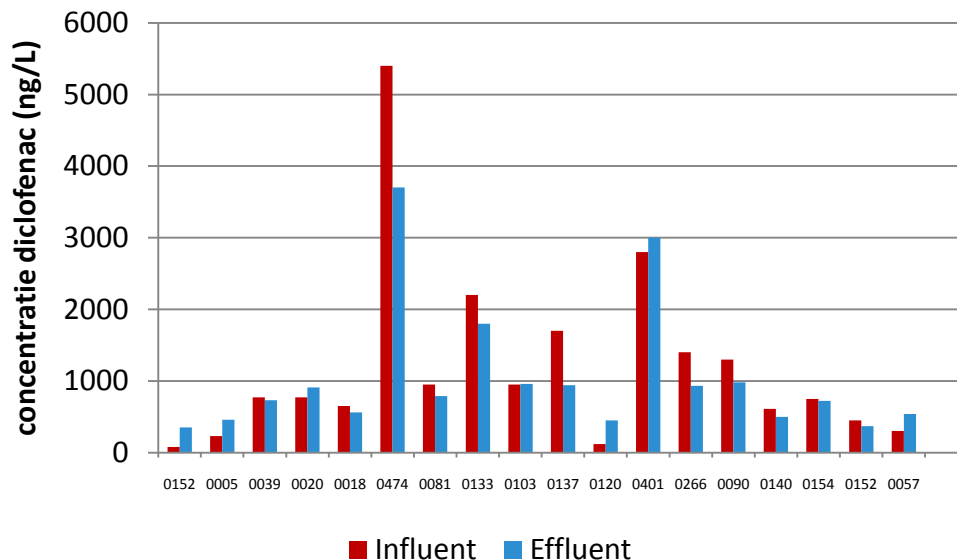
- Changing legislation
 - Climate change
 - Population growth
- ➔ Focus shift



Pharmaceuticals in wastewater

- Daughter directive on priority pollutants
 - Watch list of emerging pollutants
 - Ethenylestradiol
 - Estradiol
 - Diclofenac

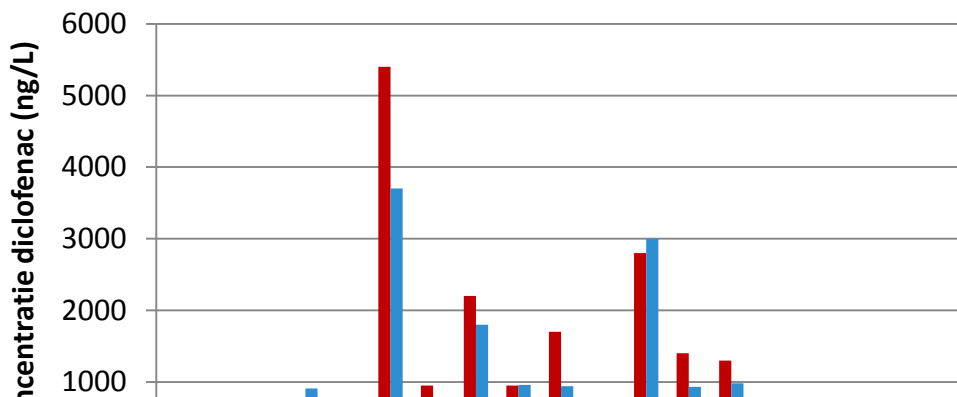
Analytical techniques



Pharmaceuticals in wastewater

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Analytical techniques



Develop strategic approach to the risks posed by pharmaceuticals in the aquatic environment

Pharmaceuticals in wastewater

- Source control
- End of pipe treatment

Post treatment	Dose mg/L	Electricity consumption kWh/m ³	Primary energy kWh/m ³	Costs	
				30.000 PE €/m ³	500.000 PE €/m ³
Ozone + sandfilter	3-10	0,1-0,2	0,3-0,6	0,15-0,2	0,05-0,07
Powder AC + filter	10-20	0,05	0,5-0,8	0,25-0,3	0,09-0,11

Source: EU FP 7 project Neptune, project
(Contract No 036845, SUSTDEV-2005-
3.II.3.2),

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Conventional wastewater treatment : 0,7 €/m³

Source: EU FP 7 project Neptune, project
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pharmaceutical wastewater

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Source: EU FP 7 project Neptune, project contract No. 226845, SUSTDEV-2005-019076

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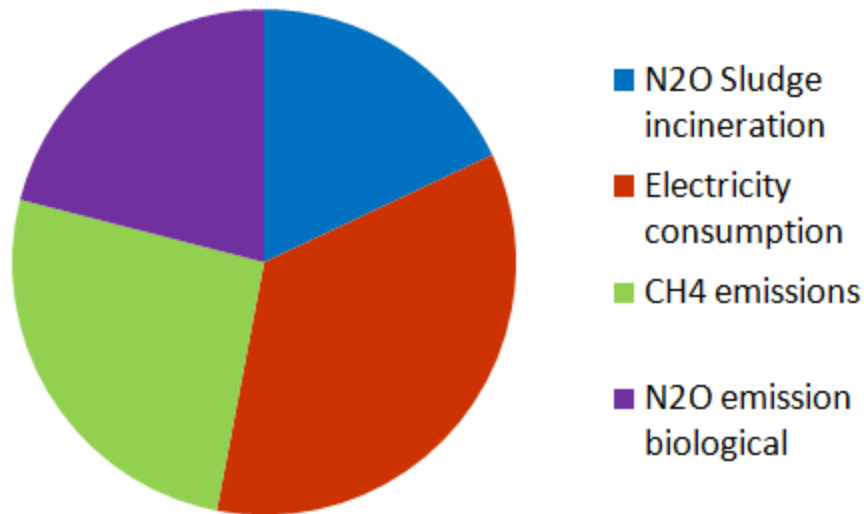
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Source: EU FP 7 project Neptune, project 618191, and project 25845, SUSTDEV-2005-

Cheap and reliable removal technologies

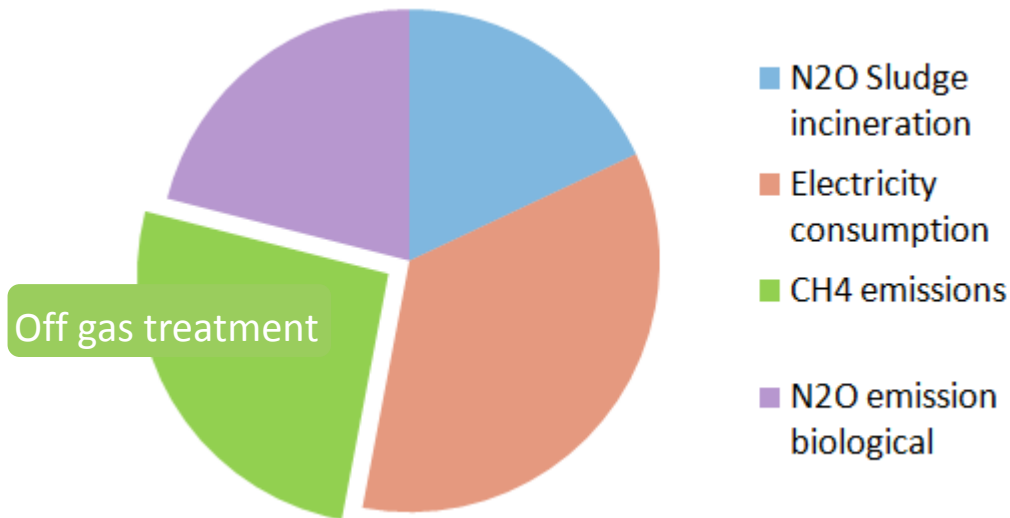
Greenhouse gas emissions

- Electricity consumption wastewater treatment
 - 0,09 kWh/pp.d
 - Energy reduction measures
- Greenhouse gas emissions
 - Sludge incineration
 - Direct emissions CH_4 and N_2O



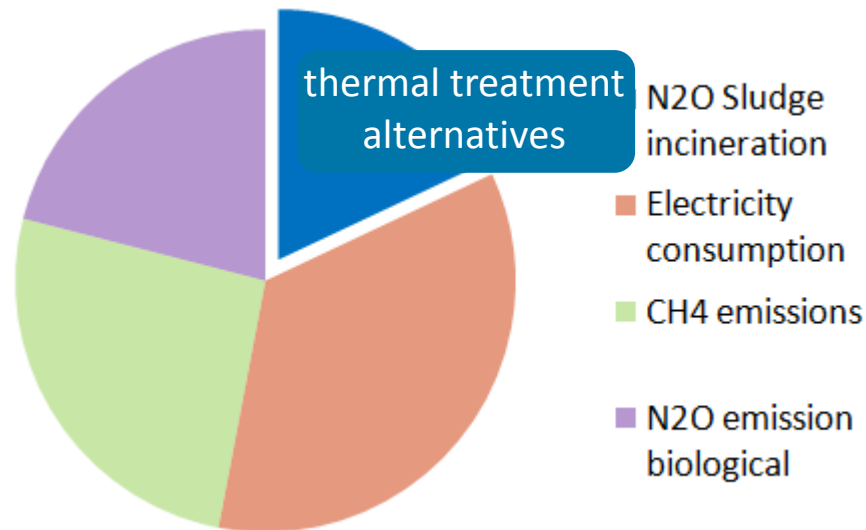
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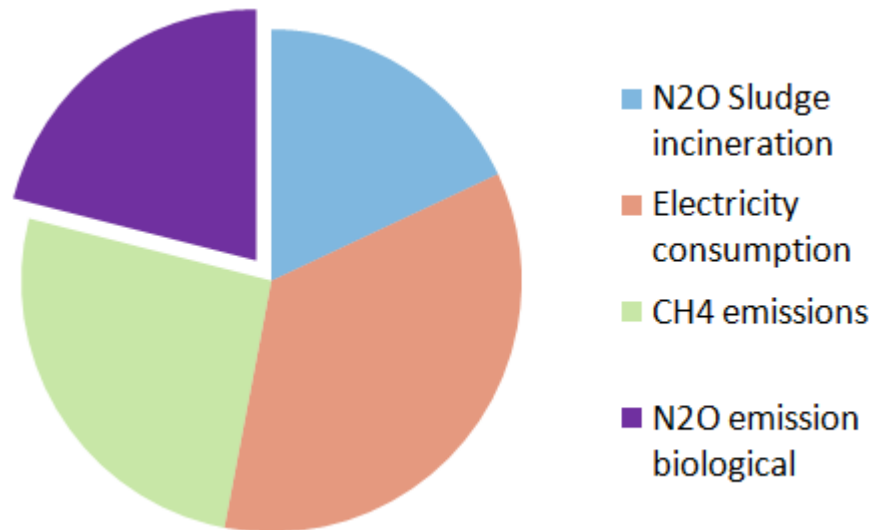
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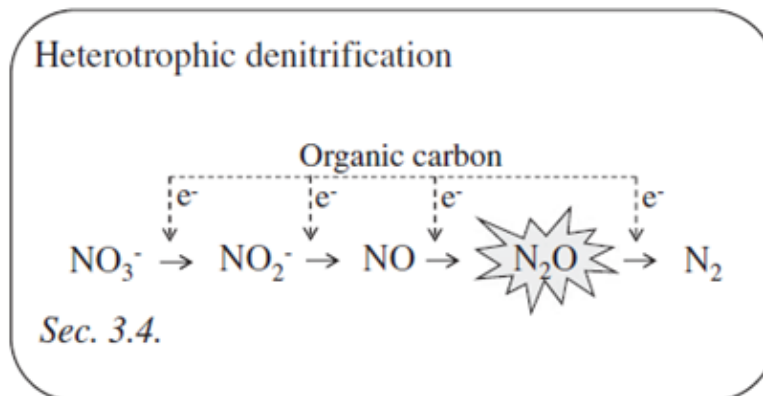
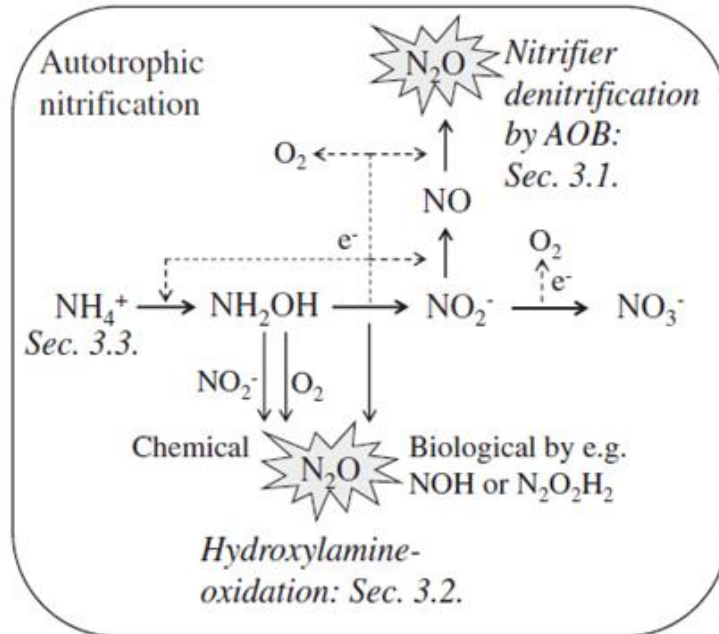


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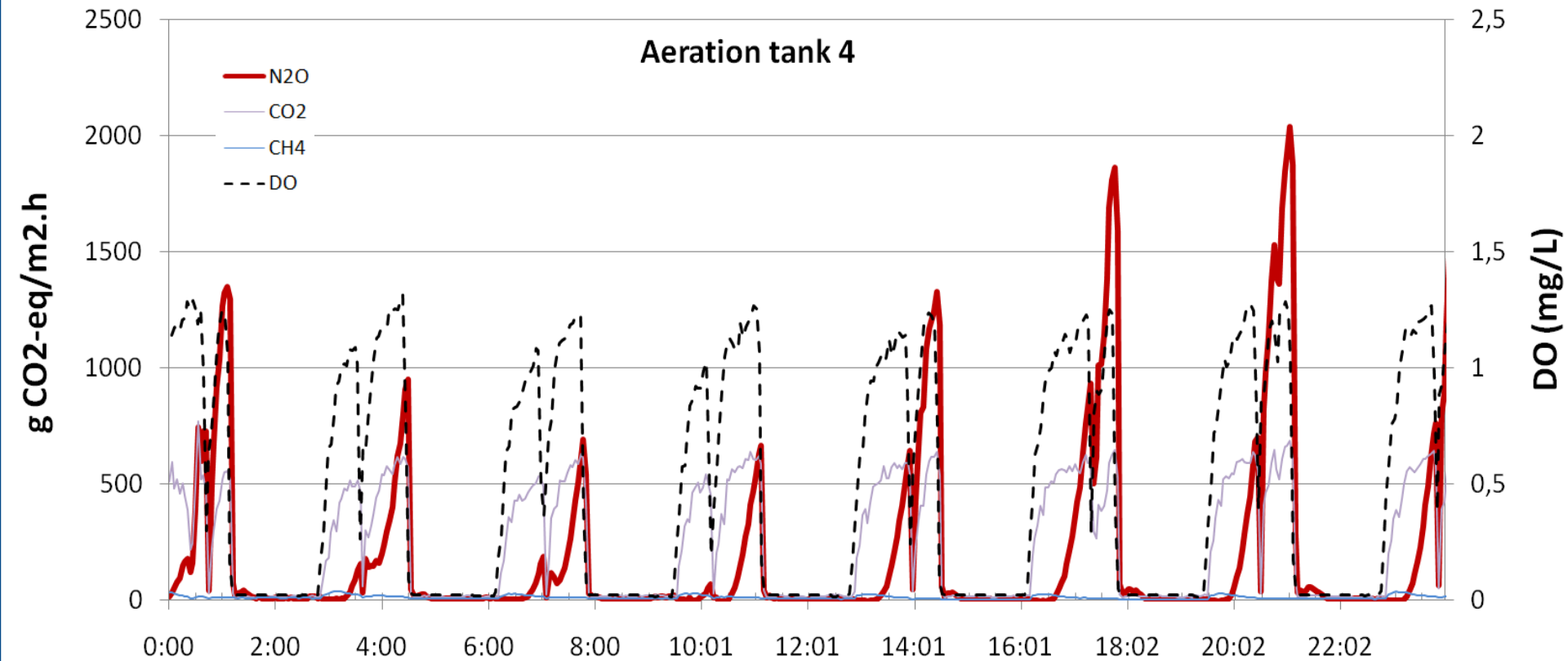
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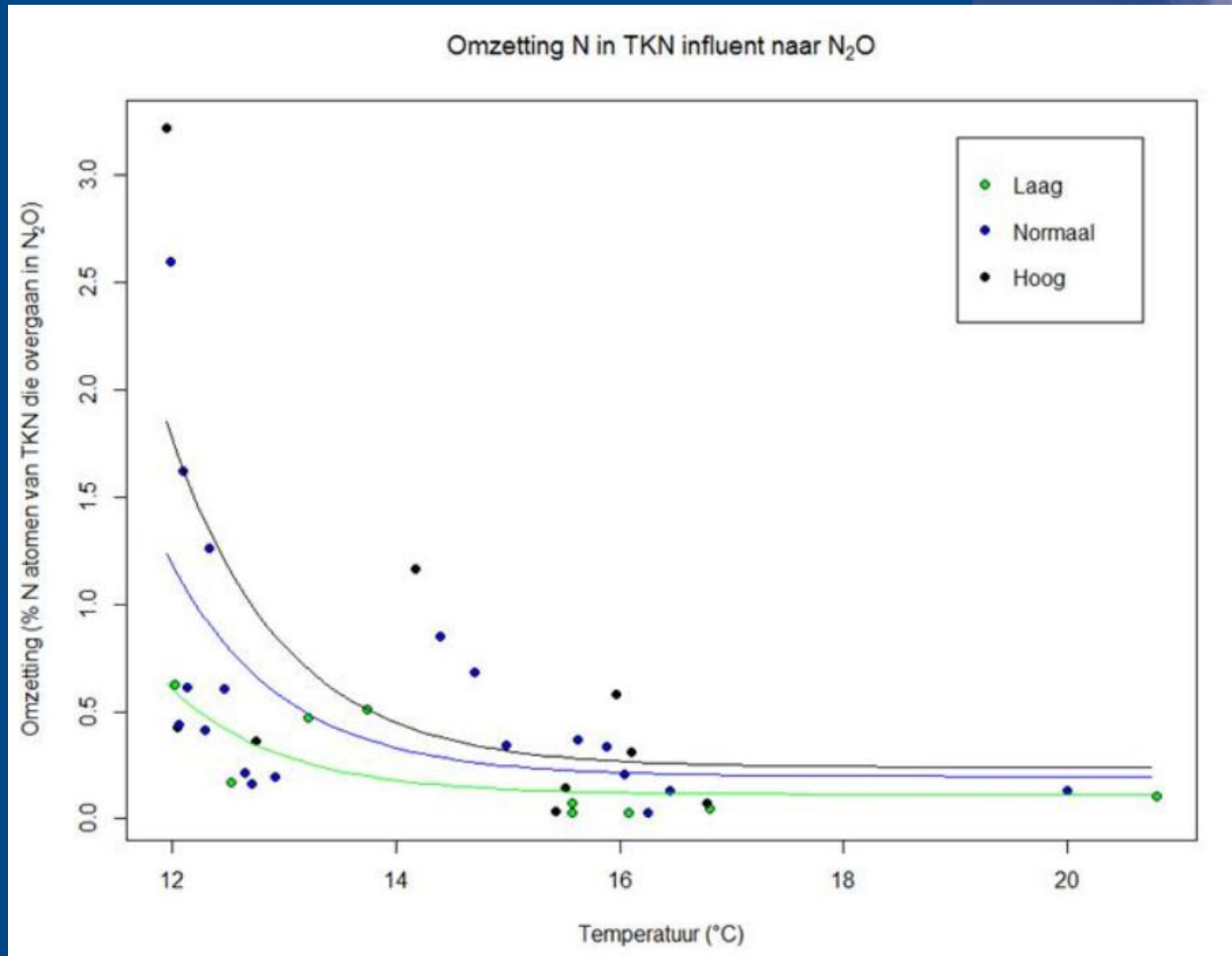
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Greenhouse gas emissions

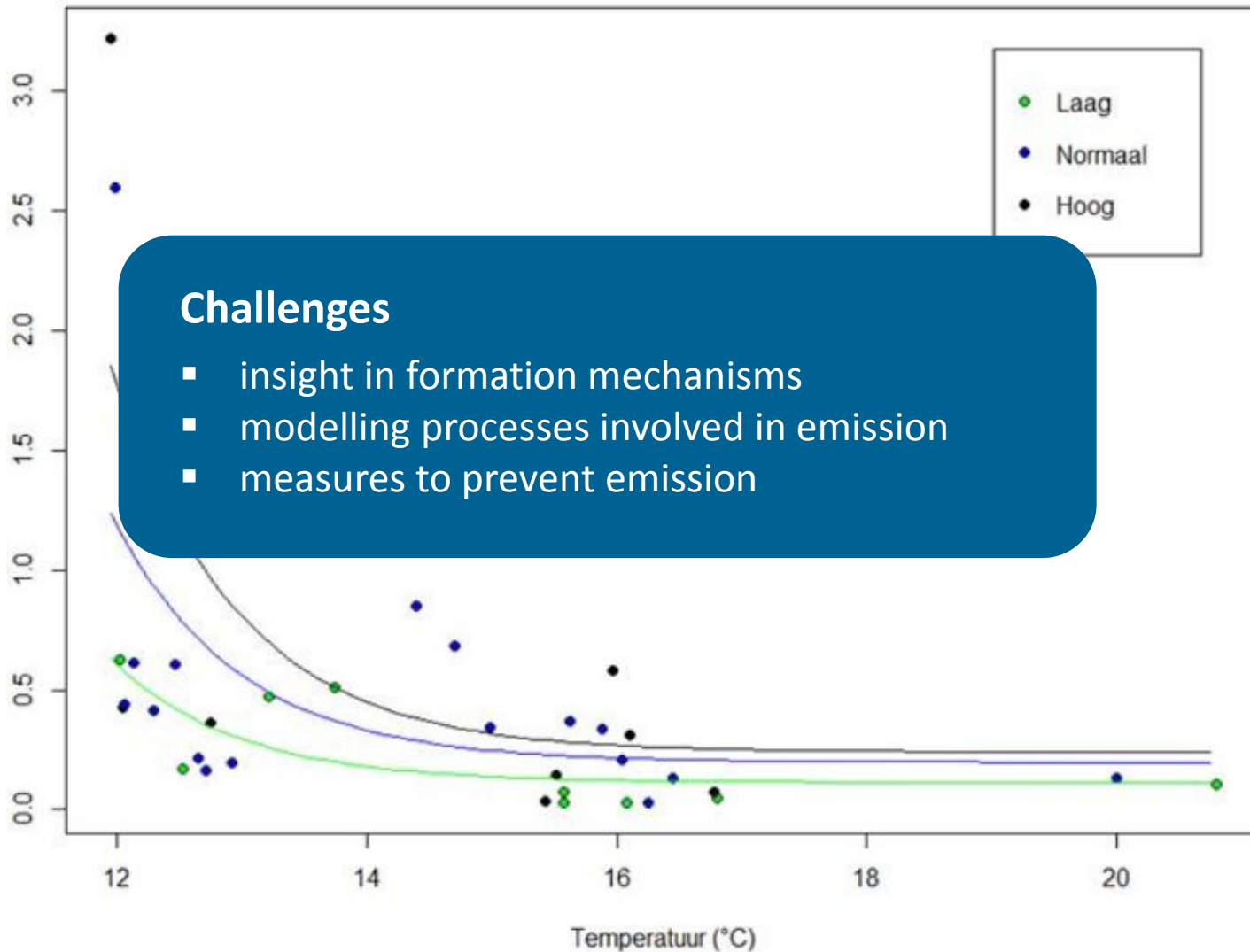


Greenhouse gas emissions



Greenhouse gas emissions

Omzetting N in TKN influent naar N_2O



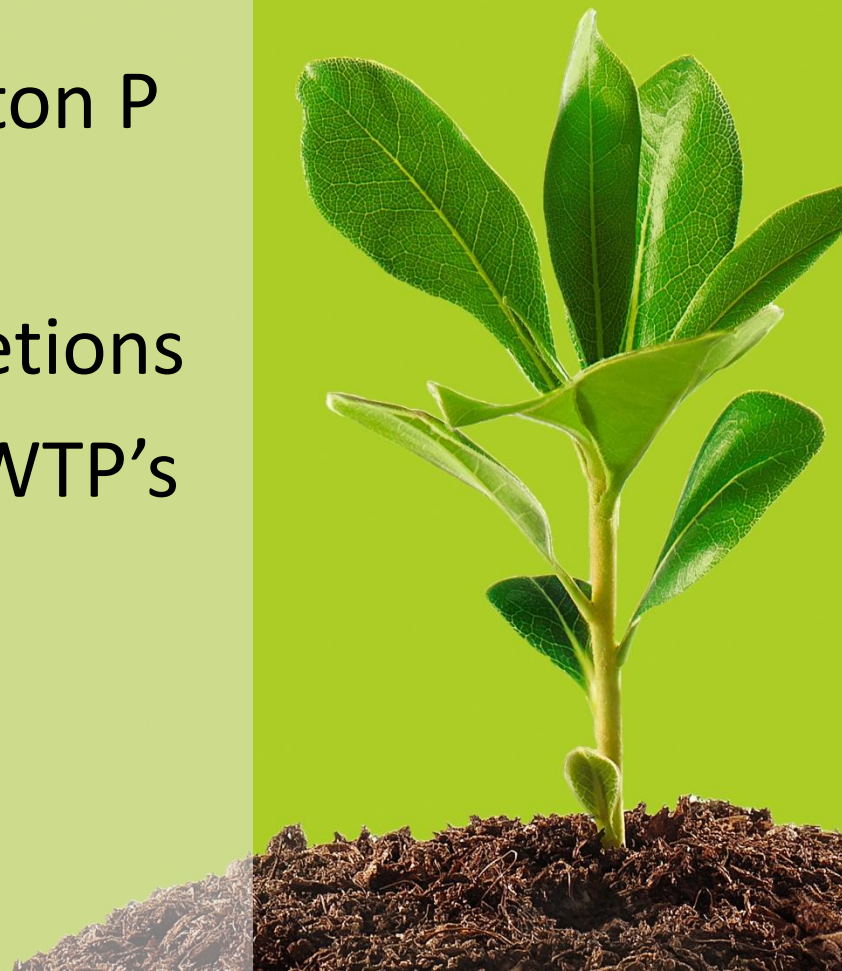
Challenges

- insight in formation mechanisms
- modelling processes involved in emission
- measures to prevent emission



Nutrient recovery

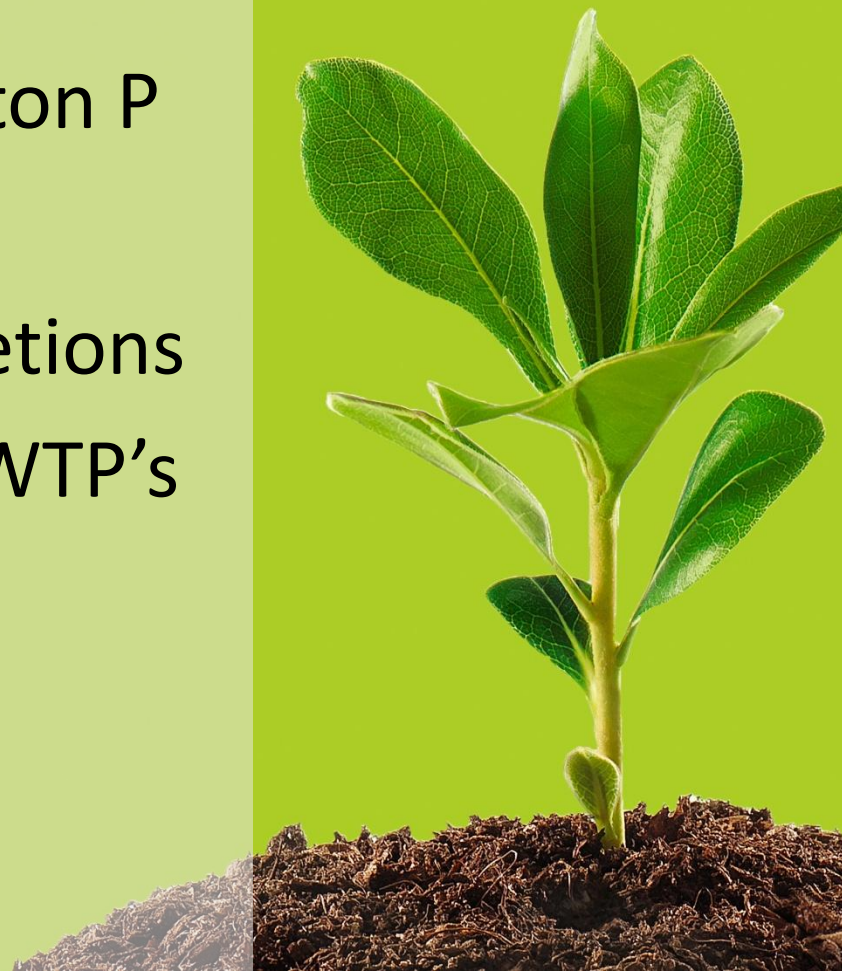
- Phosphorus recovery
- Yearly mining: 14,9 mio ton P
- 90% for feed
- 3 mio ton in human excretions
- +/- 9 ton P/day in Aqf WWTP's
- Recovery potential?
 - Liquid phase: struvite
 - Ashes



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↻ Liquid phase: struvite ↻
Ashes



Nutrient recovery

Struvite recovery pilot plant

- NuReSys technology
- 8 m³/h inflow (digestate)
- 220 mg P/l as PO₄³⁻ inflow
- pH reactor 7.5 ~ kWh + NaOH
- 1.2 Mg/P setpoint





Nutrient recovery

Costs

- Investment
- Man hours: 1.5...5 h/week
- Chemicals: MgCl & NaOH
- kW : 7 (blower + circulation pump + dosing pumps)
- Maintenance

Benefits

- Struvite price ~ € 50-75/ton?
- $\pm 1\%$ DS ~ €!!
- Lower PE use
- N and P load in rejection waters ...10-15%↓
- Natural scaling ↓



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Nutrient recovery

Nitrogen removal

- Conventional air stripping : 100-150 MJ/kg/N
 - Air stripping 1.9-3.2 €/kg N
 - Anammox: 0.8 €/kg N
 - Haber Bosch + anammox: 60 MJ/kg N
- (source: Stowa)

➔ Reduction or use of waste
chemicals/heat



Other recovery potentials

Wastewater as a carbon source

- Bioplastics
- Cellulose
- Energy nexus

Research

Water reuse

- Water
- Landscape revaluation
- Irrigation
- Drinking water

Known
technology

➔ **safety monitoring**



WWTP's: from waste to source

